

gnark & 2-chain aggregation for Linea

Proof Day: NYC Edition
Youssef El Housni

Team

Who?

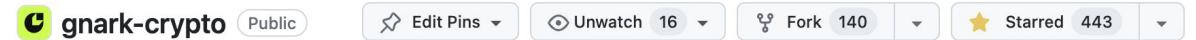
- Arya Pourtabatabaie
- Ivo Kubjas
- *Youssef El Housni*
- Thomas Piellard
- Gautam Botrel

What?

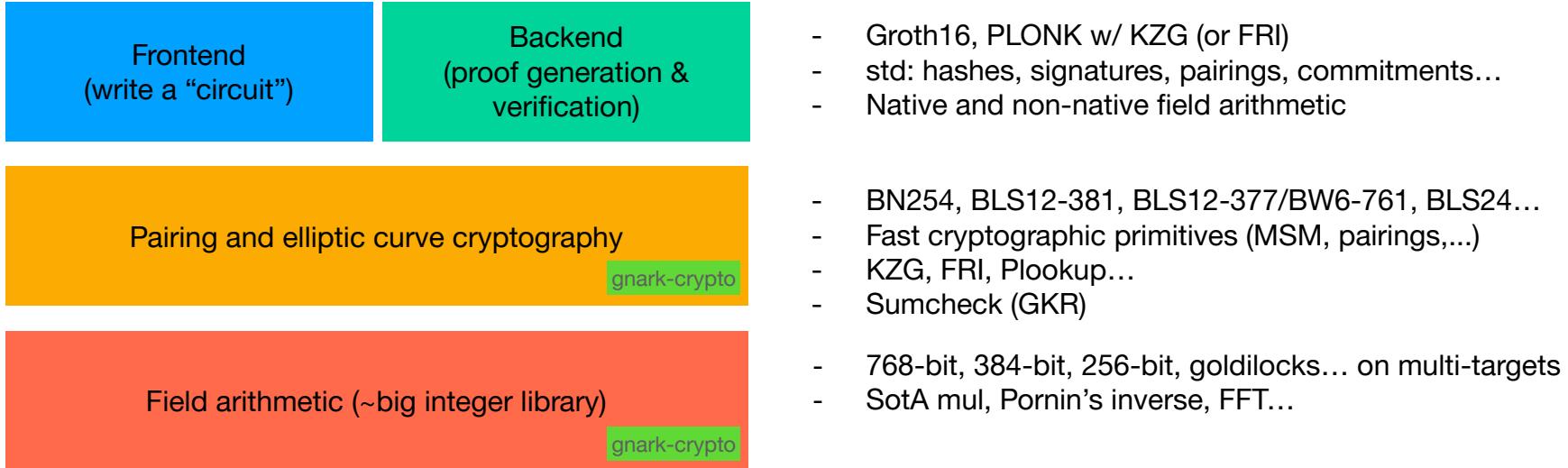
We're building [gnark](#), a fast and easy to use open source zkSNARK library, in Go.



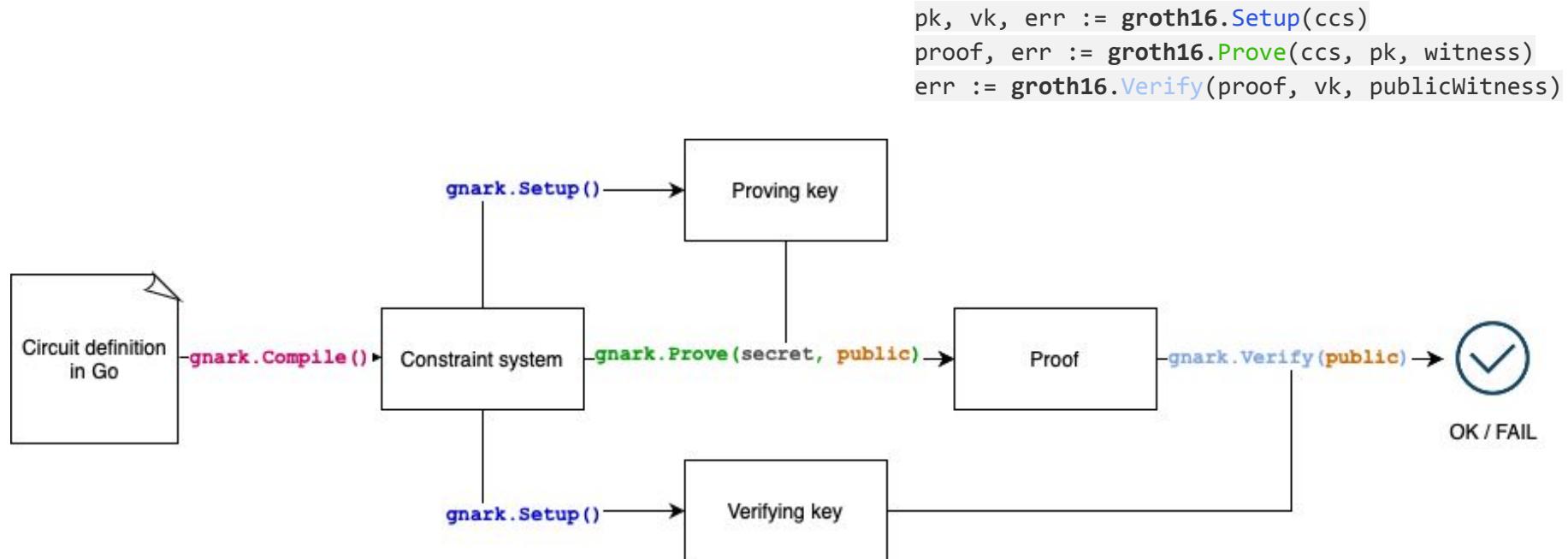
and [gnark-crypto](#), a fast cryptographic library, in Go.



gnark under the hood



gnark workflow



```
ccs, err = frontend.Compile(ecc.BN254.ScalarField(), r1cs.NewBuilder, &c)  
ccs, err = frontend.Compile(ecc.BLS12_381.ScalarField(), scs.NewBuilder, &c)
```

gnark features

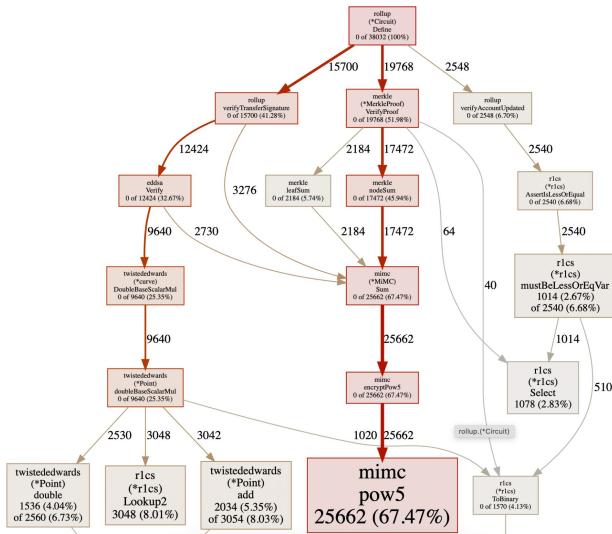
gnark

- + No DSL, plain Go, **no dependencies**
- + Compiles large circuit (seconds)
- + Playground, constraints profiler, ...
- + multiple curves and backends
- + MPC trusted setup
- + Web2 and Solidity verification
- + Several packages audited (by Algorand, EF, Worldcoin and Linea)
- + One code base which performs well on:
 - + Server (CPU)
 - + Mobile (70% first place zprize)

```
func (circuit *Circuit) Define(api frontend.API) error {
    // compute  $x^{**}3$  and store it in the local variable x3.
    x3 := api.Mul(circuit.X, circuit.X, circuit.X)

    // compute  $x^{**}3 + x + 5$  and store it in the local variable res
    res := api.Add(x3, circuit.X, 5)

    // assert that the statement  $x^{**}3 + x + 5 == y$  is true.
    api.AssertEqual(circuit.Y, res)
```



gnark playground: play.gnark.io

The gnark playground

Groth16

PlonK

Run

Share

Examples ▾

```
8 // gnark is a zk-SNARK library written in Go. Circuits are regular structs.
9 // The inputs must be of type frontend.Variable and make up the witness.
10 // The witness has a
11 //   * secret part --> known to the prover only
12 //   * public part --> known to the prover and the verifier
13 type Circuit struct {
14     Secret frontend.Variable // pre-image of the hash secret known to the prover only
15     Hash   frontend.Variable `gnark:"public"` // hash of the secret known to all
16 }
17 }
18
19 // Define declares the circuit logic. The compiler then produces a list of constraints
20 // which must be satisfied (valid witness) in order to create a valid zk-SNARK
21 // This circuit proves knowledge of a pre-image such that hash(secret) == hash
22 func (circuit *Circuit) Define(api frontend.API) error {
23     // hash function
24     mimc, _ := mimc.NewMiMC(api)
25
26     // hash the secret
27     mimc.Write(circuit.Secret)
28
29     // ensure hashes match
30     api.AssertIsEqual(circuit.Hash, mimc.Sum())
31
32     return nil
33 }
34 -- witness.json --
35 {
36     "C": "0x0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000"
37 }
```

▶ Proof is valid ✓

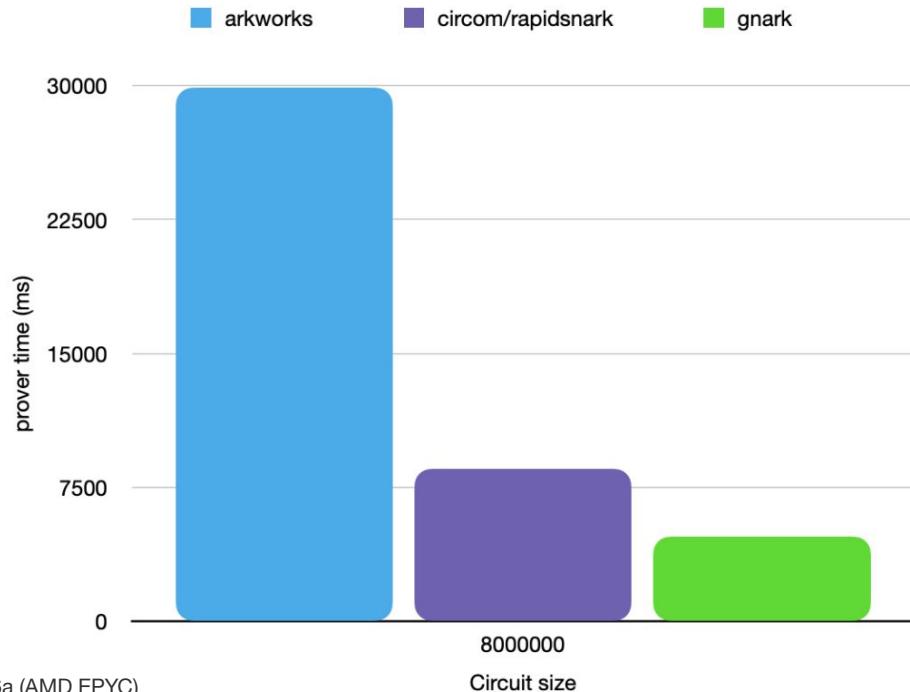
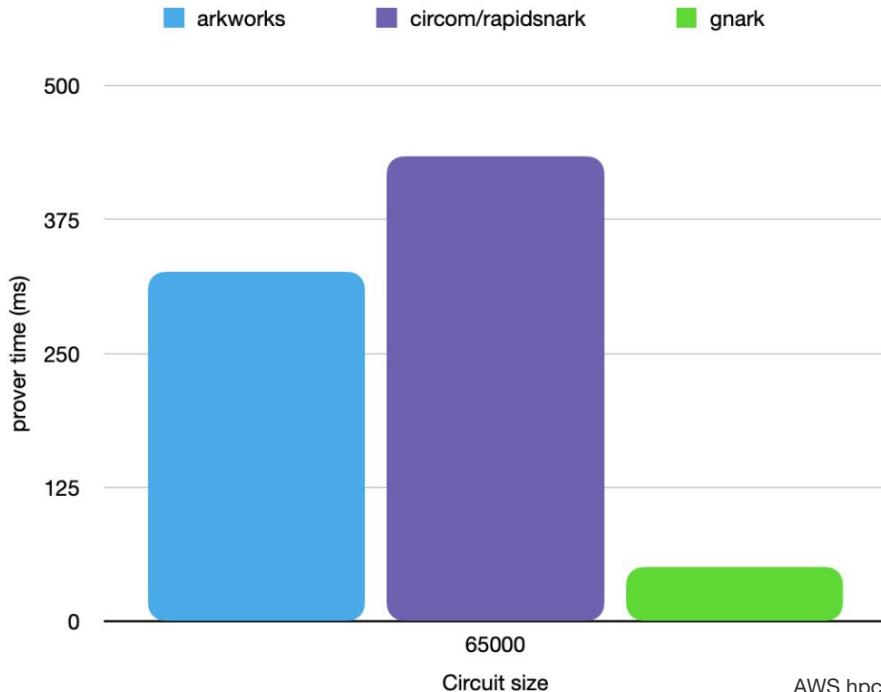
▼ 274 constraints ↴

L·R == 0

#	L	R
0	22706359316004920151450981873264476689623023519144554414110657236065169432·1 + Secret	22706359316004920151450
1	v0	v0

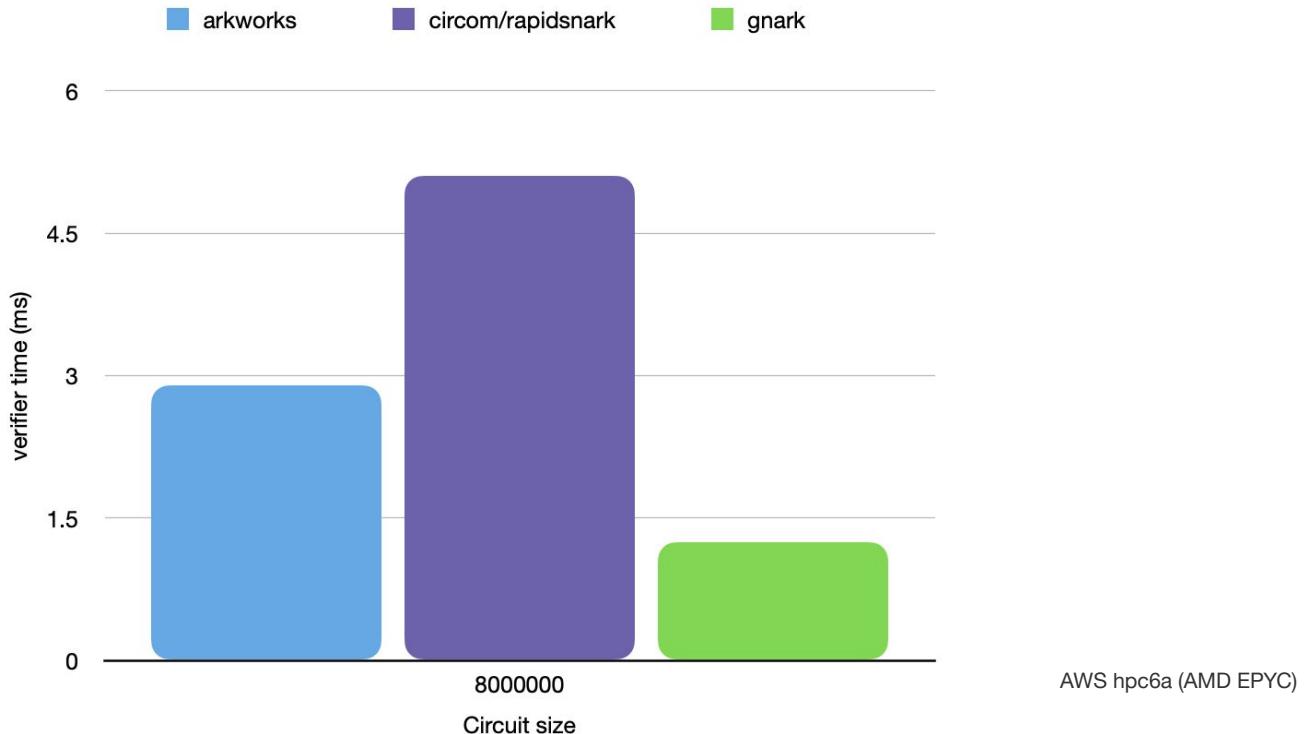
gnark is very fast

Groth16 SNARK prover on BN254: MSM, FFT, parallelism



gnark is very fast

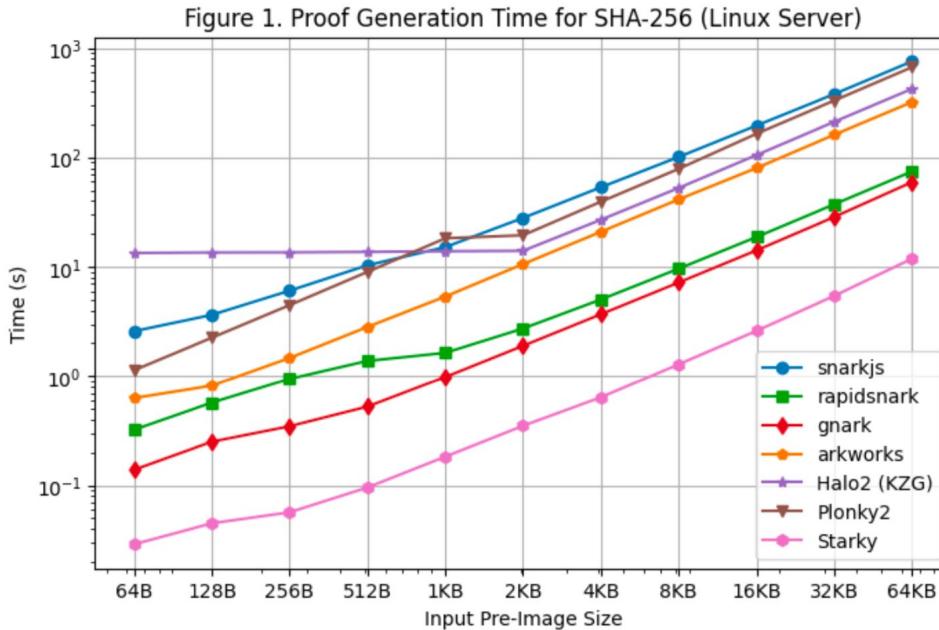
Groth16 SNARK verifier: Pairing on BN254



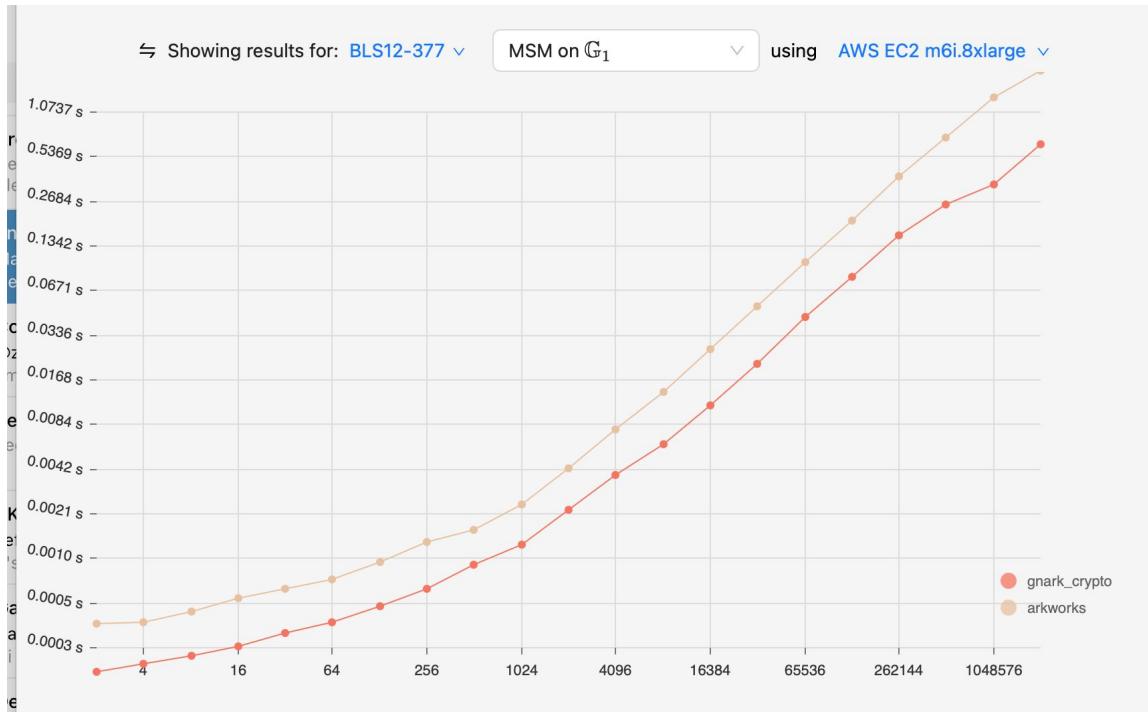
gnark is very fast (celer benchmark)

SHA2 preimage knowledge

<https://github.com/celer-network/zk-benchmark>

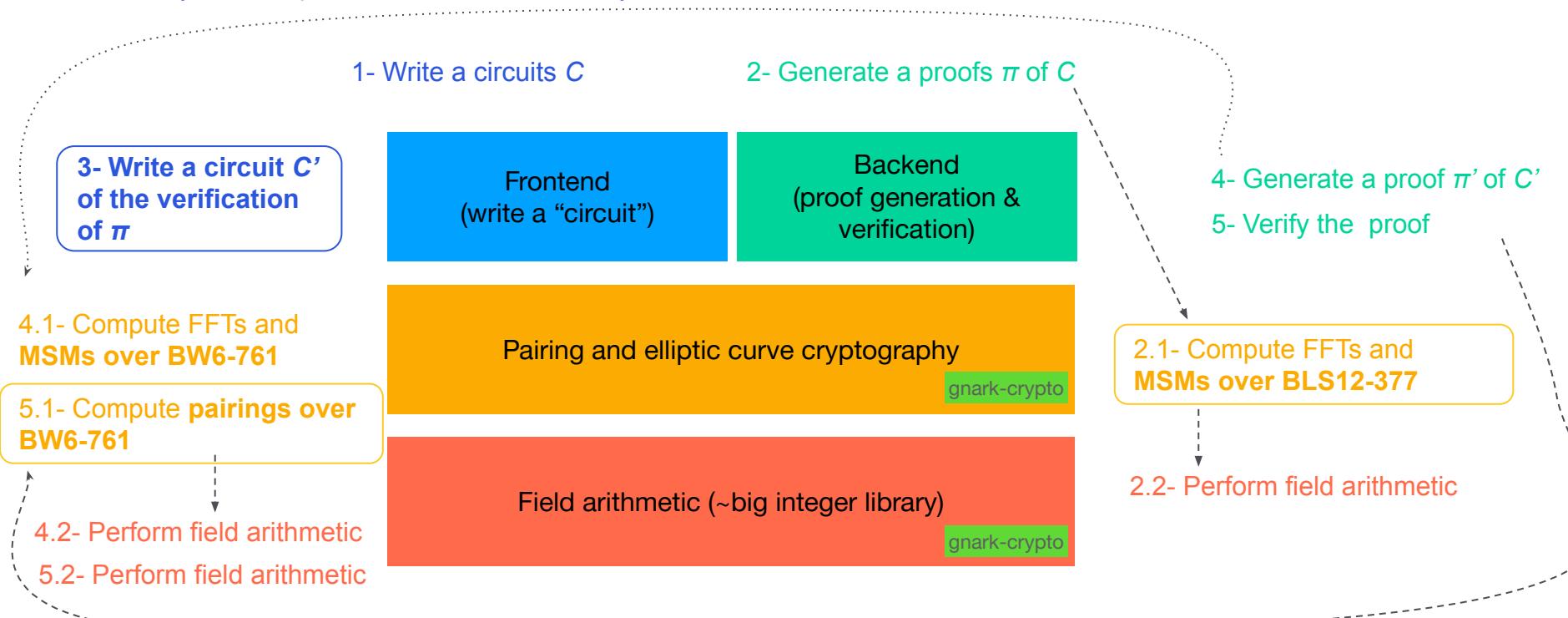


gnark is very fast (zka.lc benchmark)



Why is gnark that fast?

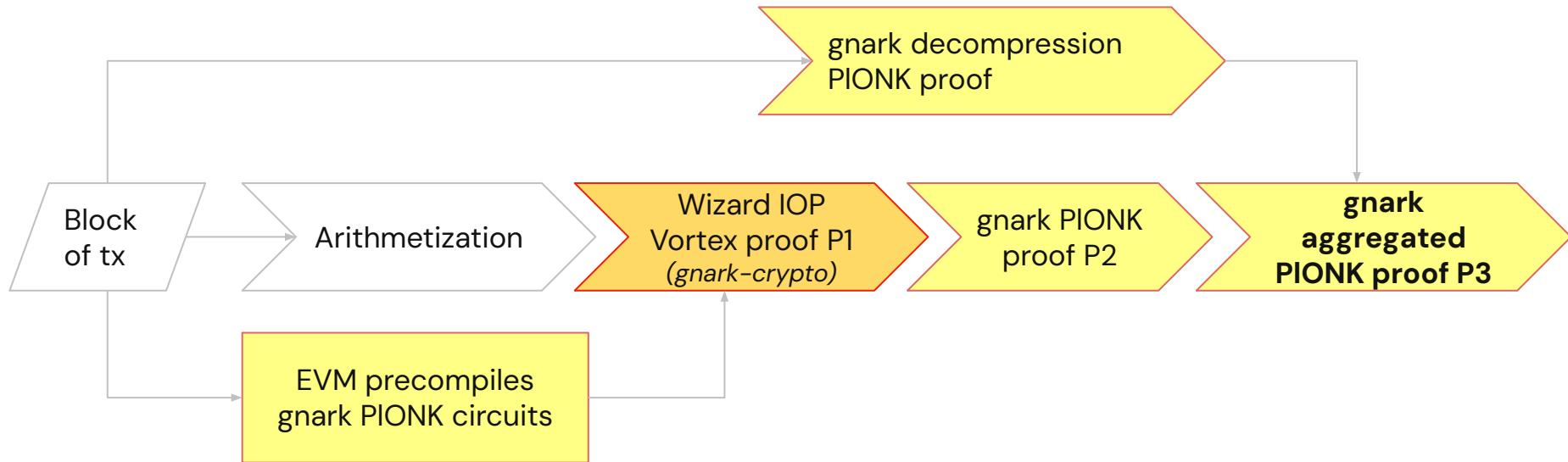
Example: 1-layer recursive PLONK proof



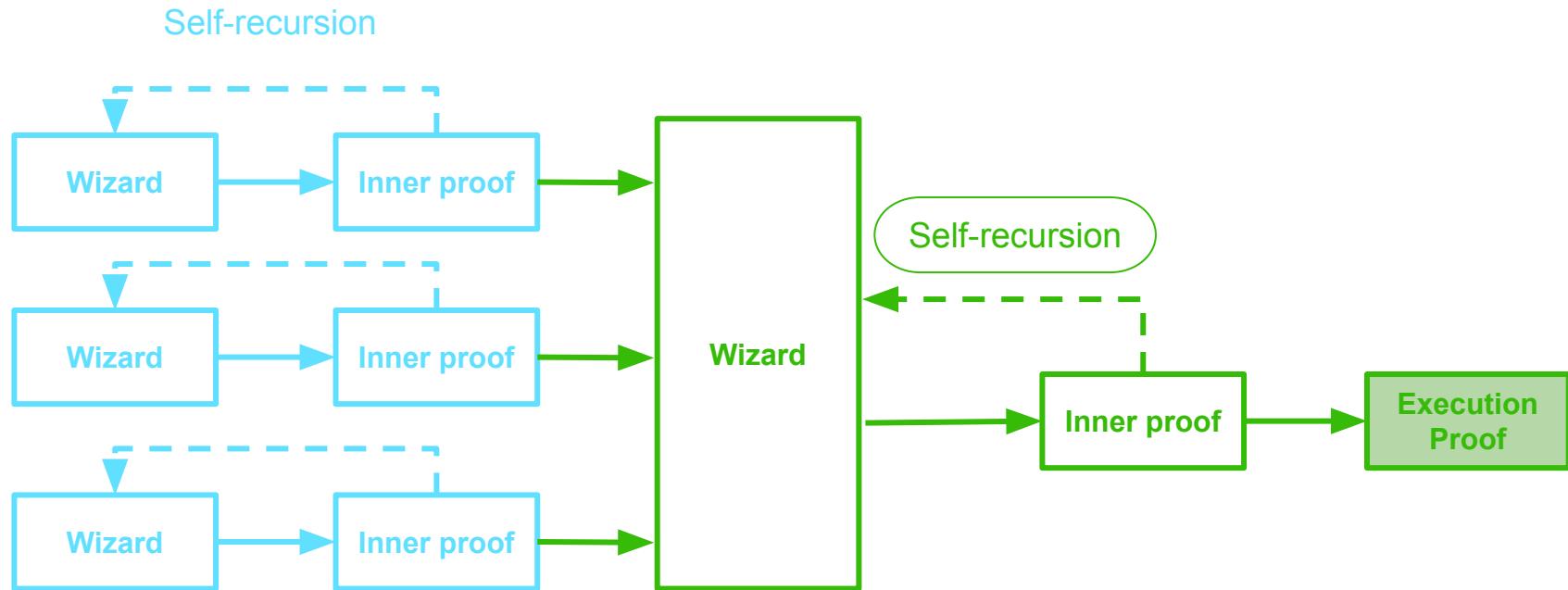
gnark applications

- zkEVMS (**Linea**)
- Rollups (zkBNB)
- Binance proof of solvency
- Worlcoin Groth16 prover
- Celer zkBridge and Brevis zkCoprocessor
- gnark-crypto: Algorand, EIP-4844 (go-kzg) and geth (EIP-2537)...
- Vocdoni - blockchain voting
- Noir or Sindri with a gnark backend
- Ingonyama (hardware accelerator): GPU support for Groth16 and PlonK.
- Some formal verification (Lean) on gnark circuits.
- Succinct labs (i.e. verify plonky 2 proofs in a gnark circuit)
- Base: keystores, FFLONK
- ...

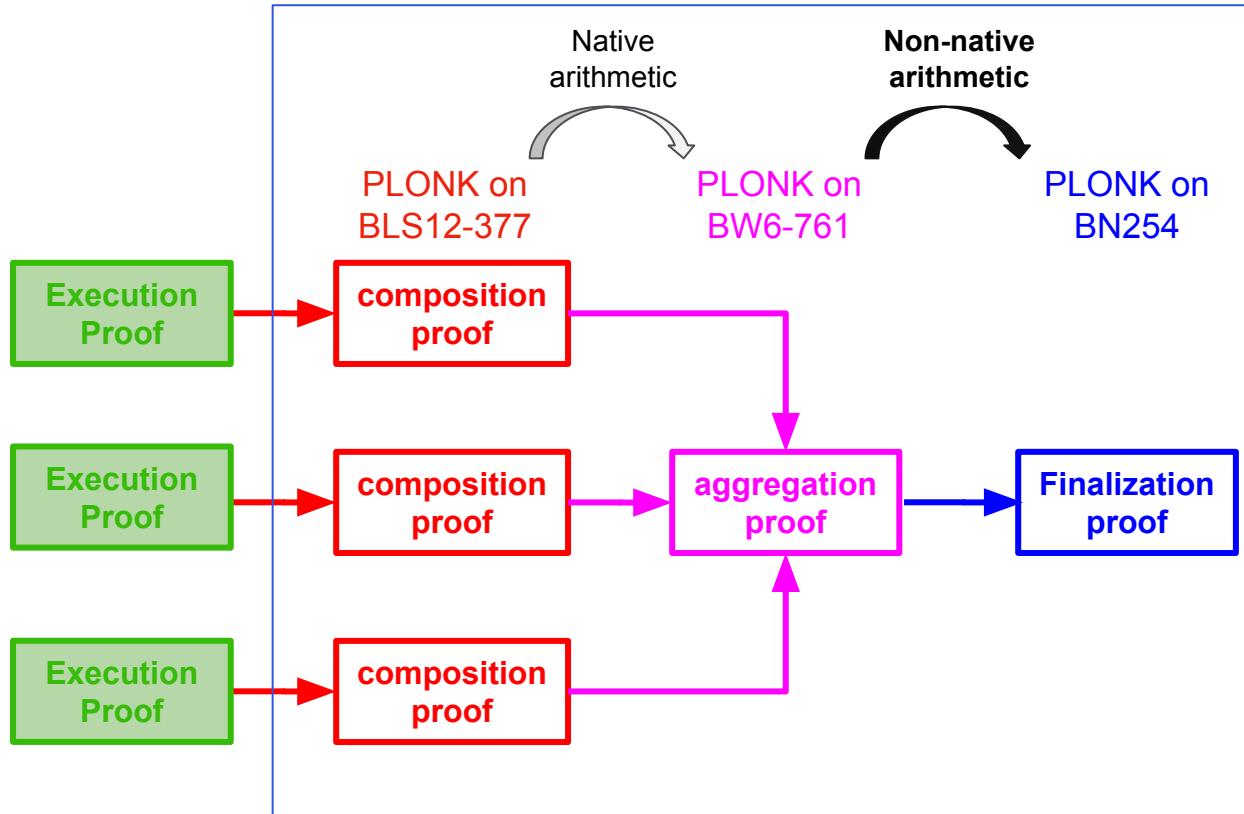
gnark in Linea



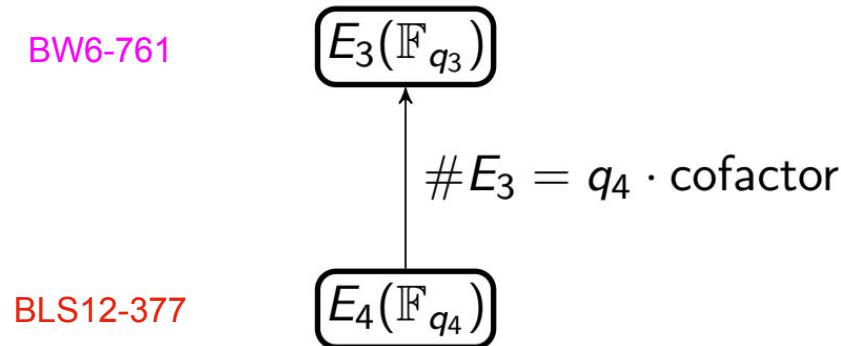
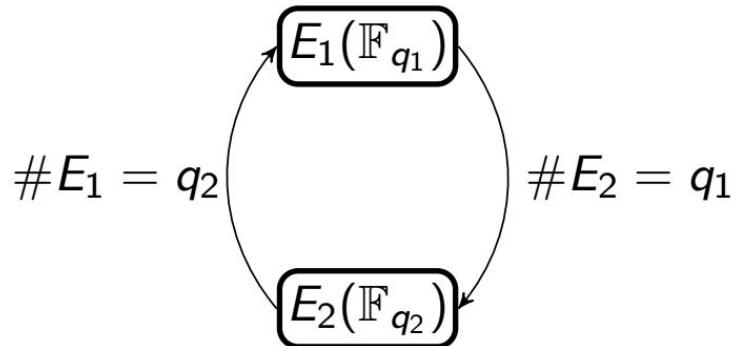
Aggregation for inner proofs



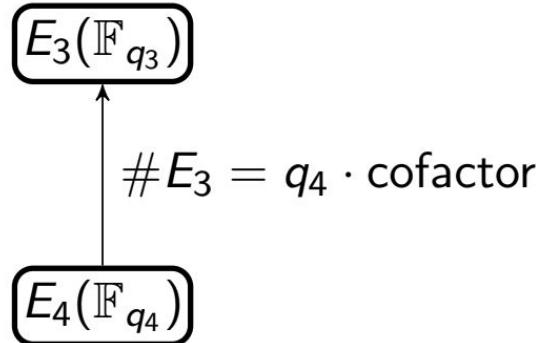
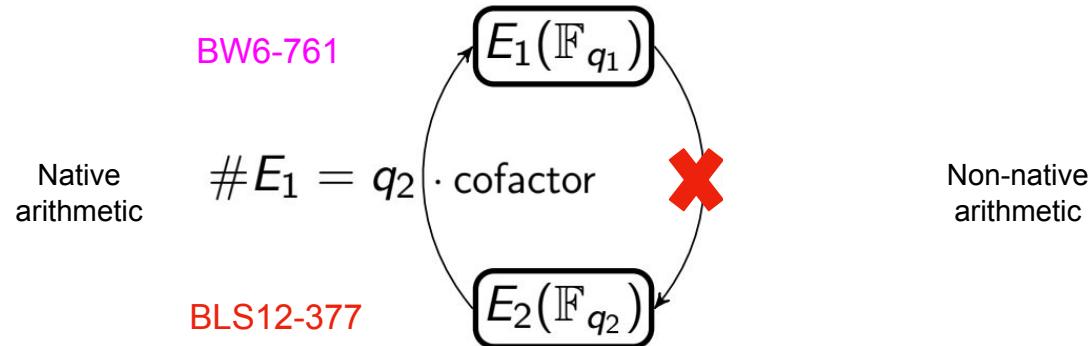
1-layer 2-chain aggregation



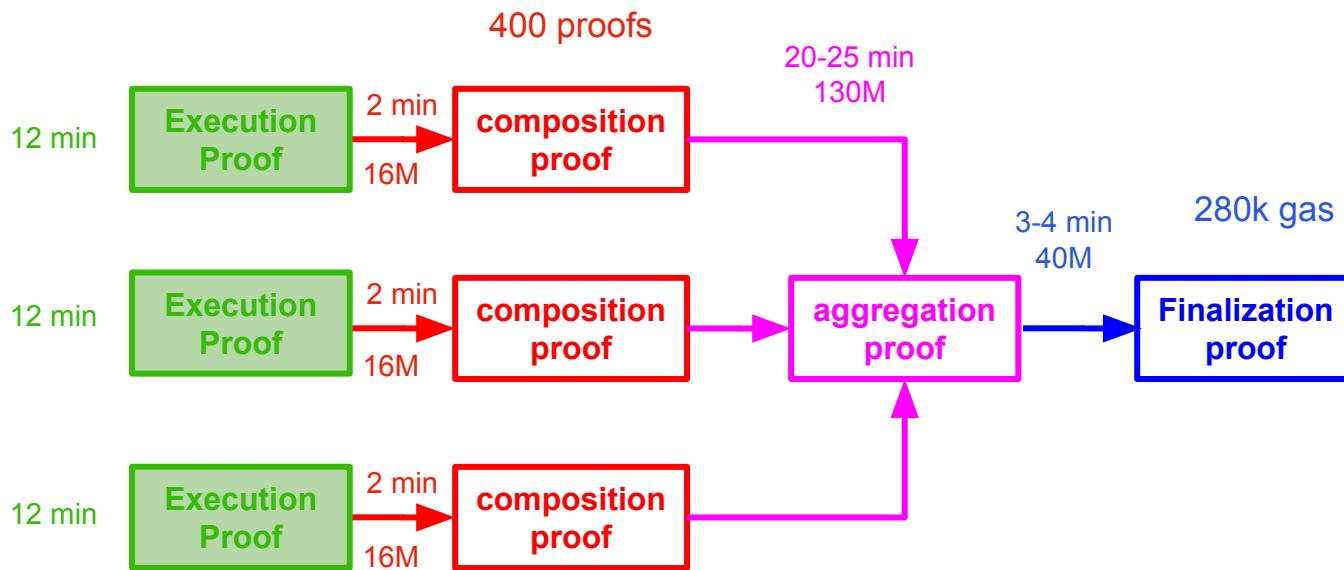
2-chain



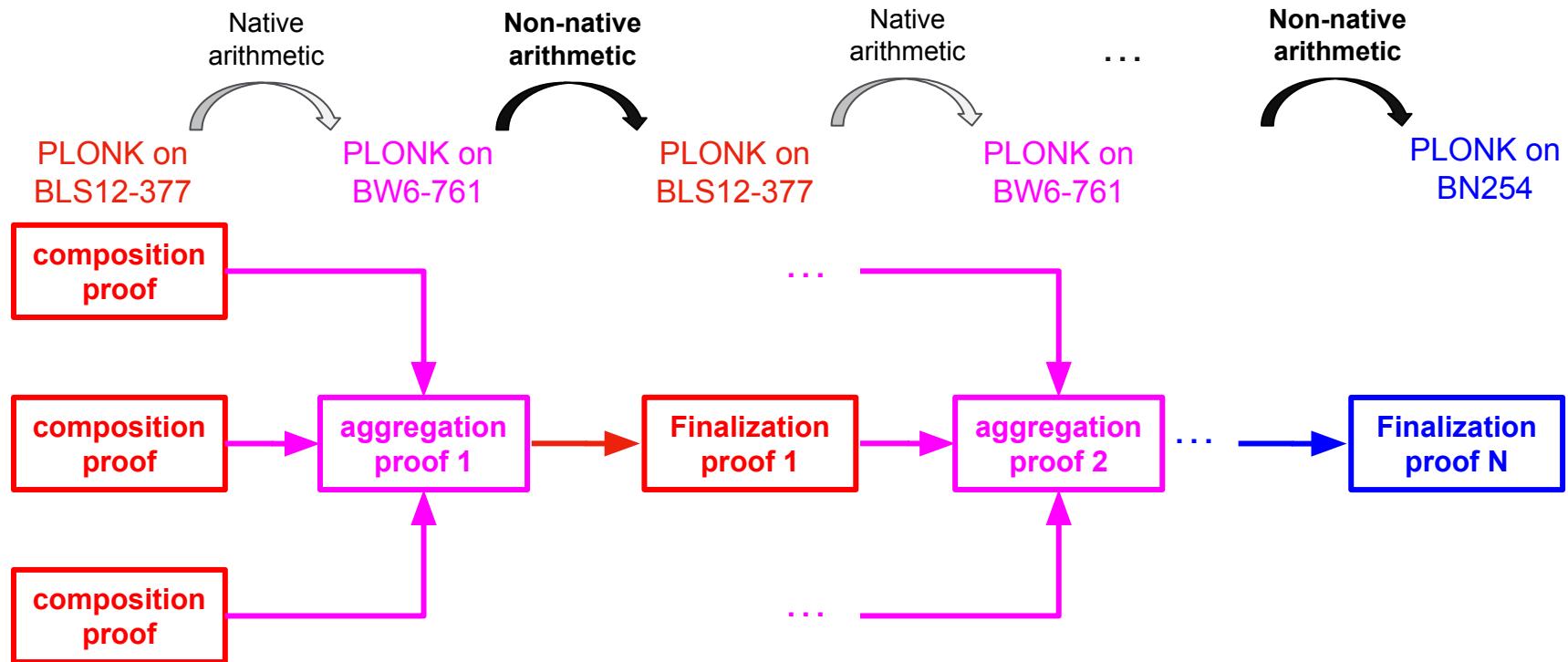
2-chain or *non-native* 2-cycle?



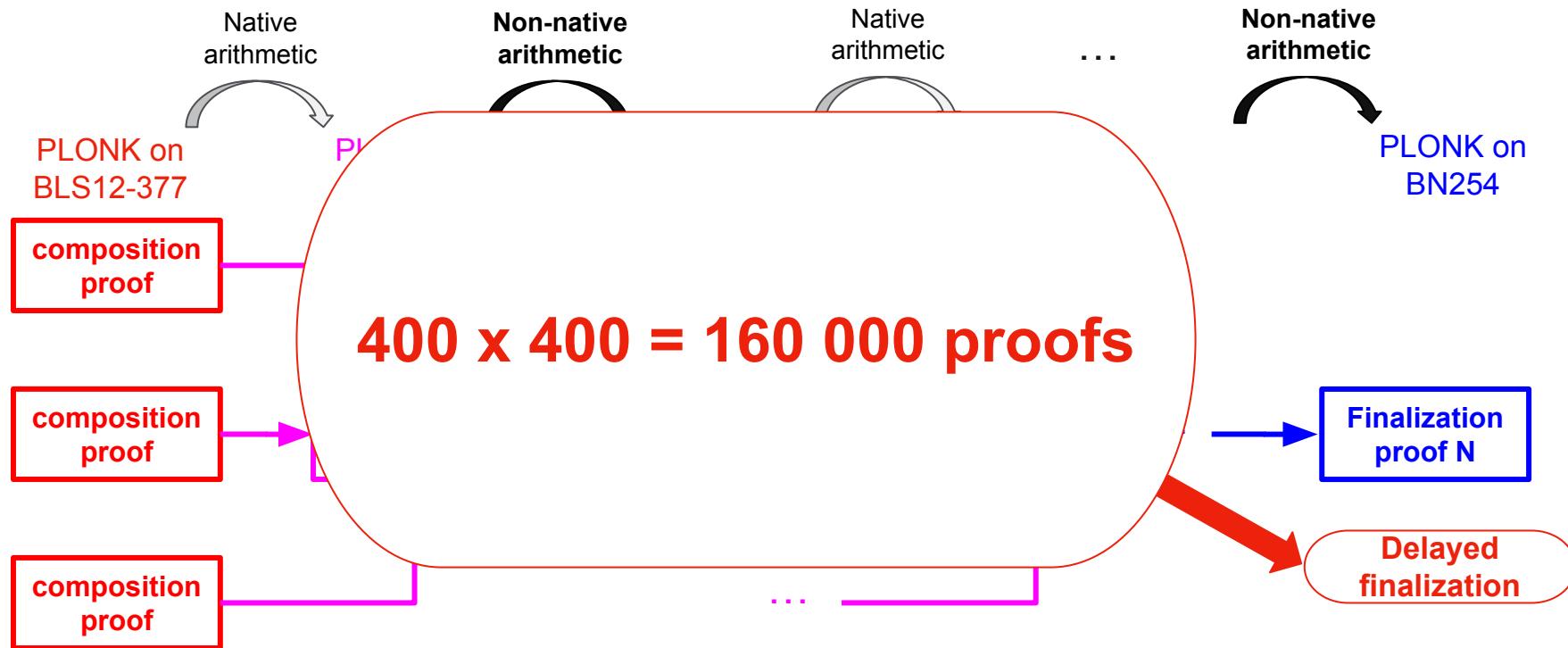
Benchmarks (hp6a)



Multi-layer 2-chain aggregation?



Multi-layer 2-chain aggregation?



Questions?

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GH: @yelhousni

linea.build

play.gnark.io

github.com/consensys/gnark

github.com/consensys/gnark-crypto